

Product	
Supplier	Flooring2
Product Type	Sheet Vinyl
Number	SS
Name	Strata

Sheet Vinyl Flooring Care and Maintenance Guide

Routine Maintenance

- Weekly Cleaning: Sweep or vacuum daily in high-traffic areas to remove loose dirt and debris. Use a soft-bristled broom or vacuum cleaner without a beater bar to avoid scratching the surface.
- Regular Damp Mopping: Damp mop weekly using warm water and a pH-neutral vinyl floor cleaner or mild dish soap. Ensure the mop is well-wrung and rinse it frequently during cleaning.
- No-Rinse Cleaners: Use convenient no-rinse vinyl floor cleaners designed for sheet vinyl, as these products dry clear without residue.

Spill & Stain Handling

- Immediate Action: Quickly clean spills to prevent staining or damage to the flooring.
- Oil-Based Stains: Remove oil-based stains using isopropyl alcohol or mineral spirits applied sparingly on a soft cloth. Avoid bleach always follow cleaning with thorough rinsing.
- Adhesive Residues: Address sticky substances using mineral spirits applied cautiously with a cloth. Avoid acetone.

Deep Cleaning

- Periodic Deep Cleaning: Deep clean at least twice a year using vinyl floor cleaner or a solution of vinegar and water. Mop in manageable sections, rinse thoroughly, and dry completely.
- Machine Cleaning: For large or heavily soiled areas, use home-grade floor cleaning machines approved for use on vinyl flooring.

Climate & Environmental Considerations

- Temperature: Maintain room temperatures between 50-95°F to prevent brittleness, shrinkage, or discoloration of the flooring.
- Humidity: Sheet vinyl is highly moisture-resistant, but maintain around 50% relative humidity to prevent subfloor complications.
- Installation Method: Loose-lay vinyl may shift slightly with extreme conditions; glue-down vinyl is more stable but may be affected by excess moisture or heat.
- Radiant Heat: Keep floor surface temperatures under 85°F and increase settings gradually to avoid thermal stress.

Preventive Care Strategies

- Furniture Protection: Place felt pads or wide coasters beneath heavy furniture and appliances. Use soft, vinyl-compatible casters for rolling furniture.
- Avoid Sharp Impacts: Utilize protective mats and cutting boards in high-risk areas like kitchens to avoid cuts, gouges, and abrasions.
- Sunlight Mitigation: Implement window treatments to reduce direct sunlight and heat exposure, protecting the flooring from fading.

Common Mistakes to Avoid

- Using Wrong Cleaning Products: Avoid abrasive, solvent-based, acidic, or waxy cleaners. Use only neutral pH cleaners made for vinyl.
- Overusing Water: Do not soak the floor. Standing water can seep into edges and affect adhesive or subfloor materials.
- Neglecting Small Issues: Fix small tears or lifting edges promptly to prevent worsening damage.